

verbs

**militō, militāre, militāvī,  
militātum**

I campaign, serve as a  
soldier

**valeō, valēre,**

**valuī, valitum**

I am strong, I am well

**disserō, disserere, disseruī,**

**dissertum**

I discuss

**expellō, expellere, expulī,**

**expulsum**

I drive out

**opprimō, opprimere, oppressī,**

**oppressum**

I oppress

nouns

**officium, -ī, n.**

duty

**eques, equitis, m.**

horseman

**equitēs, equitum, m. pl.**

cavalry

**finis, finis, m.**

end, finish

**finēs, finium, m. pl.**

boundaries,

territory

**libertās, libertātis, f.**

liberty

adjectives

**īdem, eadem, idem**

the same (= is, ea,  
id + suffix -dem)

**nōnnūllī, -ae, -a**

some

**hilaris, hilare**

cheerful

**immortālis, immortalē**

immortal

**senior, seniōris**

older

**vehemēns, vehementis**

violent

The following political terms consist entirely of words derived from Latin roots. Using a dictionary, if necessary, find out what these roots are: *prime minister, local elections, urban councillor, universal suffrage, the Conservative party, the Labour party, the Liberal party, the Communist candidate*. What do the Latin roots of *conservative, labor, liberal* and *communist* tell you about the political principles of these parties?

**Brūtus Athēnās advenit**

*A few days later Quintus, while crossing Aegean*

paucīs post diēbus Quīntus, dum agoram trānsit, ab aliquō vocātus est; sē vertit et Marcum vīdit ad sē currentem. 'venī hūc, Quīnte,' inquit; 'rem magnī mōmentī volō tibi referre.' dum in tabernā sedent, Marcus 'vidē,' inquit; 'epistolam accēpī ā Tīrōne missam. pater Athēnās venit; cupit mē vidēre. paucīs diēbus aderit. dī immortalēs! nunc dēbeō omnibus scholīs adesse et Cratippum ad cēnam invītāre. ō mē miserum! quid faciam?'

Quīntus rīsit; 'cūr tam commōtus es?' inquit; 'nōnne Cratippō optimus discipulus es? nōnne eum libenter audīs et saepissimē ad cēnam vocās? sīc enim ad Tīrōnem scrīpsistī, quī sine dubiō eadem patrī tuō rettulit.'

hīs verbīs Marcus minimē dēlectātus est. 'nōlī mē rīdēre, Quīnte,' inquit. 'veniam tēcum ad agoram et librum nēscioquem emam. deinde ad Lycēum redībō et scholam Cratippī audiam. ō diem nigrum!'

postrīdiē Quīntus eī occurrit in eādem tabernā bibentī.

Quīntus numquam eum hilariōrem vīderat. ille 'ecce, Quīnte,' inquit, 'alteram epistolam ā patre scrīptam accēpī. Athēnās nōn veniet. rēbus maximī mōmentī Rōmae retentus est. dī mē

**agoram** city center

**mōmentī** of importance

**mē miserum!** poor me!

**minimē** very little, not at all

**librum nēscioquem:** some book or  
other

**nigrum** black